| Meeting of: | CABINET | | |
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| Date of Meeting: | 23 JULY 2024 | | |
| Report Title: | TREASURY MANAGEMENT QUARTER 1 REPORT 2024-25 | | |
| Report Owner / Corporate Director: | CHIEF OFFICER – FINANCE, HOUSING AND CHANGE | | |
| Responsible Officer: | NIGEL SMITH GROUP MANAGER – CHIEF ACCOUNTANT | | |
| Policy Framework and Procedure Rules: | Para 22.5 Financial Procedure Rules require that the Chief Finance Officer shall report quarterly to the Cabinet, summarising borrowing and investment activity and indicating compliance with any statutory or Council approved guidelines together with a half yearly and an annual report to Council. | | |
| Executive Summary: | The report provides an update of Treasury Management activity for the quarter 1 period 2024-25, to 30 June 2024. As at 30 June 2024 the Council had £96.87 million of long term debt, £2.71 million of Salix loans (interest free), £15.87 million of other long term liabilities and £50.35 million of investments. The overall net debt position is £65.10 million. The average interest rate for debt as at 30 June 2024 was 4.69%. For investments it was 5.19%. The Council has a manageable maturity structure of borrowing, with its current debt repayable at various points over the next 30 years, the first repayment being due in March 2025. The Council is required to set and report against Treasury Management Indicators, details of which are included in Appendix A. These show that the Council is operating within its approved limits. The Council has complied with the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy's Treasury Management in | | |
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1. Purpose of Report

1.1 The purpose of this report is to update the Cabinet on the treasury management activities for the quarter ending 30 June 2024.

2. Background

- 2.1 Treasury Management is the management of the Council's cash flows, borrowing and investments, and the associated risks. The Council is exposed to financial risks including the loss of invested funds and the revenue effect of changing interest rates. The successful identification, monitoring and control of financial risk are therefore central to the Council's prudent financial management.
- 2.2 Treasury risk management at the Council is conducted within the framework of the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy's Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice 2021 edition (the TM Code), which requires the Council to approve a Treasury Management Strategy before the start of each financial year, and, as a minimum, a semi-annual and annual treasury outturn report. The TM Code also requires the Council to set a number of Treasury Management Indicators, which are forward looking parameters, and enable the Council to measure and manage its exposure to treasury management risks, and these are included throughout this report. Welsh Government (WG) guidance issued in November 2019 on Local Authority Investments requires the Council to approve an Investment Strategy before the start of each financial year. This report fulfils the Council's legal obligation under the Local Government Act 2003 to have regard to both the CIPFA Code and the Welsh Government Guidance.
- 2.3 In 2021 CIPFA published an updated version of the Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities (the Prudential Code). The Prudential Code includes a requirement for Local Authorities to provide a Capital Strategy, which is a summary document approved by full Council covering capital expenditure and financing, treasury management and non-treasury investments. The definition of investments in the revised Prudential Code covers all the financial assets of the Council as well as other non-financial assets which the authority holds primarily for financial return. The Council's Capital Strategy 2024-25 complied with CIPFA's requirement and included the Prudential Indicators along with the details regarding the Council's non-treasury investments. The Capital Strategy and Treasury Management Strategy should be read in conjunction with each other as they are interlinked, as borrowing and investments are directly impacted upon by capital plans, and both were approved together by Council on 28 February 2024.
- 2.4 The Council's treasury management advisors are Arlingclose. The current services provided to the Council include:
 - advice and guidance on relevant policies, strategies and reports
 - advice on investment decisions
 - notification of credit ratings and changes
 - other information on credit quality
 - advice on debt management decisions
 - accounting advice
 - reports on treasury performance
 - forecasts of interest rates
 - training courses

3. Current situation / proposal

3.1 External Context – Economic Background

- 3.1.1 UK headline consumer price inflation (CPI) continued to decline over the quarter. It fell from an annual rate of 3.2% in March to 2.0% in May, in line with the Bank of England's target. The core measure of inflation, however, only declined from 4.2% to 3.5% over the same period, which, together with stubborn services price inflation at 5.7% in May, helped contribute to the Bank of England maintaining Bank Rate at 5.25% during the period, a level unchanged since August 2023.
- 3.1.2 Data released during the period showed that the UK economy had emerged from the technical recession at the end of 2023 to expand by 0.7% (upwardly revised from the initial estimate of 0.6%) in the first quarter of the calendar year. Monthly Gross Domestic Product (GDP) data showed zero growth in April following an expansion of 0.4% in the previous month.
- 3.1.3 Arlingclose, the authority's treasury adviser, maintained its central view that 5.25% is the peak in Bank Rate and that interest rates will most likely be cut during the second half of 2024.

3.2 Public Works Loan Board (PWLB) Lending Facility Advice, Revised CIPFA Codes

- 3.2.1 The Council continues to undertake its duties in line with the current guidance for the PWLB lending facility which was significantly revised by HM Treasury in August 2021. Authorities that are purchasing or intending to purchase investment assets primarily for yield, or financial return, will not be able to access funding from the PWLB except to refinance existing loans or externalise internal borrowing. Acceptable use of PWLB borrowing includes service delivery, housing, regeneration, preventative action, refinancing and treasury management.
- 3.2.2 The Council's treasury management activities are undertaken in line with CIPFA's Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities and CIPFA's Treasury Management in the Public Services Code. To comply with the Prudential Code authorities must not borrow to invest primarily for financial return. The Prudential Code also states it is not prudent for local authorities to make investment or spending decisions that will increase the Capital Financing Requirement (CFR) unless directly and primarily related to the functions of the authority. Existing commercial investments are not required to be sold, however, authorities with existing commercial investments who expect to need to borrow should review the options for exiting these investments.

3.3 Treasury Management update for period 1 April 2024 to 30 June 2024

3.3.1 The Council has complied with its legislative and regulatory requirements during the first quarter of 2024-25. The Treasury Management Strategy 2024-25 was approved by Council on 28 February 2024. The Outturn Report for the year ending 31 March 2024 is presented as a separate report to Cabinet on 23 July 2024 and Council on 24 July 2024.

3.3.2 A summary of the treasury management activities is shown in the Treasury Management Quarterly report to 30 June 2024 at **Appendix A**. The Council's external debt and investment position at 30 June 2024 is shown in Table 1 below, and more detail is provided in **Appendix A** within Section 3: External Debt and Investment Position, and Section 4: Borrowing and Section 5 Treasury Investments. As with the previous year, no long-term borrowing has been taken out in 2024-25 and no debt rescheduling has been undertaken as there has been no opportunity to make significant savings. However, should the opportunity arise to reschedule any loans at a preferential rate, this would be done.

The Council continues to experience favourable cash flows which has provided surplus funds for investment and the balance on investments held at 30 June 2024 was £50.35 million, a slight increase from 31 March 2024 of £50 million, with an average interest rate of 5.19% (5.02% as at 31 March 2024). The Council had to borrow short term for cash flow purposes during March 2024, which was repaid in May 2024.

Table 1: Council's external debt and investment position at 30 June 2024

| Investments for Treasury Purposes | Principal as at 31/03/2024 £m | Principal as at 30/06/2024 £m | Average Rate 30/06/2024 % |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|
| External Long Term Borrowing | | | |
| Public Works Loan Board | 77.62 | 77.62 | 4.70 |
| Lender's Option Borrower's Option | 19.25 | 19.25 | 4.65 |
| Salix Loans (interest Free) | 2.74 | 2.71 | NIL |
| Short Term Borrowing | 5.00 | NIL | NIL |
| Total External Long Term Borrowing | 104.61 | 99.58 | 4.69* |
| Other Long Term Liabilities | | | |
| Private Finance Initiative** | 12.97 | 12.72 | |
| Other Long Term Liabilities | NIL | 3.15 | |
| Total Other Long Term Liabilities | 12.97 | 15.87 | |
| Total Gross Debt | 117.58 | 115.45 | |
| Investments for treasury management | | | |
| purposes | | | |
| Debt Management Office | NIL | NIL | NIL |
| Local Authorities | 44.00 | 35.00 | 5.23 |
| Money Market Funds (instant access) | NIL | 12.00 | 5.24 |
| Banks | 6.00 | 3.35 | 4.61 |
| Total Treasury Investments | 67.58 | 50.35 | 5.19 |
| Net Debt | 39.56 | 65.10 | |

^{*} Excluding Salix loans which are interest free

3.3.3 The £19.25 million in Table 1 above relates to Lender's Option Borrower's Option (LOBO) loans which have a maturity date of 2054 though these may be rescheduled in advance of this maturity date. The LOBO rate and term may vary in the future depending on the prevailing rates at one of the bi-annual trigger points (these being July and January) and, therefore, the Council being given the option to accept the increase or repay the loan without incurring a penalty. Whilst interest rates have increased significantly since the start of 2022, they have more recently plateaued at 5.25% and expectations are of a gradual reduction during the latter part of 2024.

^{** (}PFI) arrangement for the provision of a Secondary School in Maesteg 9.75 years remaining term

Current expectations are that the lender is unlikely to exercise this option in the near future.

- 3.3.4 The Total Other Long Term Liabilities figure of £15.87 million at 30 June 2024 includes £12.72 million for the Private Finance initiative (PFI) arrangement for the provision of a Secondary School in Maesteg and £3.15 million right of use assets brought onto the balance sheet as at 1 April 2024 in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 16 Leases.
- 3.3.5 Both the CIPFA Code and Welsh Government Guidance require the Council to invest its funds prudently and to have regard to the security and liquidity of its investments before seeking the highest rate of return, or yield. The Council's objective when investing money is to strike an appropriate balance between risk and return. Investment decisions are made by reference to the lowest published long-term credit rating from Fitch, Moody's or Standard and Poor's to ensure that this lies within the Councils' agreed minimum credit rating.
- 3.3.6 The Council defines high credit quality as organisations and securities having a credit rating of A- (A3 for Moody's) or higher and the Council does not invest in any organisation below this level. Schedule A shows the equivalence table for credit ratings for Fitch, Moody's, and Standard and Poor's and explains the different investment grades.
- 3.3.7 There are no long-term investments (original duration of 12 months or more) outstanding as at 30 June 2024. All investments at 30 June 2024 are short term deposits including instant access and notice accounts.
- 3.3.8 The Treasury Management Code requires the Council to set and report on a number of Treasury Management Indicators. The indicators either summarise the expected activity or introduce limits upon the activity. Details of the estimates for 2024-25 set out in the Council's Treasury Management Strategy compared to the actual at 30 June 2024 are shown in the appendix and these show that the Council operated within the approved limits throughout the year to date.

4. Equality implications (including Socio-economic Duty and Welsh Language)

4.1 The protected characteristics identified within the Equality Act, Socio-economic Duty and the impact on the use of the Welsh Language have been considered in the preparation of this report. As a public body in Wales the Council must consider the impact of strategic decisions, such as the development or the review of policies, strategies, services and functions. This is an information report, therefore it is not necessary to carry out an Equality Impact assessment in the production of this report. It is considered that there will be no significant or unacceptable equality impacts as a result of this report.

5. Well-being of Future Generations implications and connection to Corporate Well-being Objectives

5.1 The well-being goals identified in the Act were considered in the preparation of this report. It is considered that there will be no significant or unacceptable impacts upon the achievement of well-being goals/objectives because of this report.

6. Climate Change Implications

6.1 The Climate Change implications were considered in the preparation of this report. It is considered that there will be no significant or unacceptable impacts upon the environment because of this report.

7. Safeguarding and Corporate Parent Implications

7.1 The Safeguarding and Corporate Parenting implications were considered in the preparation of this report. It is considered that there will be no significant or unacceptable impacts upon safeguarding and corporate parenting because of this report.

8. Financial Implications

8.1 The financial implications are reflected within the report and the attached **Appendix**

A.

9. Recommendations

- 9.1 It is recommended that Cabinet:
 - Note the treasury management activities for the quarter ending 30 June 2024.
 - Note the Treasury Management Indicators for the period 1 April 2024 to 30 June 2024 against those approved in the Treasury Management Strategy 2024-25.

Background documents

None